Citizen Scientists to expand the sampling range for natural enemies of BMSB in Maryland



Rebeccah A. Waterworth and Paula M. Shrewsbury Department of Entomology, University of Maryland Jan. 29, 2018 BMSB Areawide

Planning Meeting

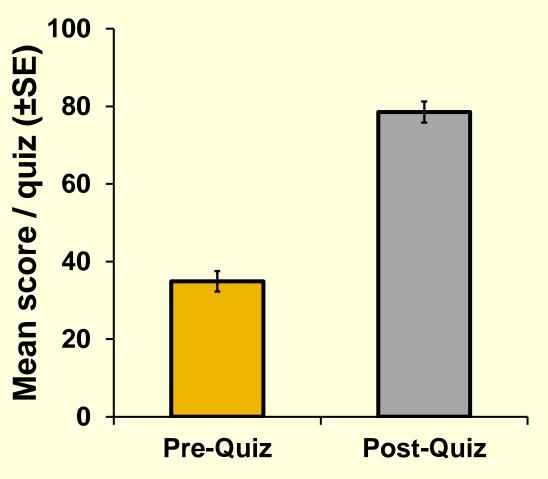
Project Stink-be-Gone



https://shrewsburylab. weebly.com/projectstink-be-gone.html

- Citizen science based project with Maryland's Master Gardeners
- Project development
 - Recruitment
 - Development of training materials
 - Training
 - Participant interactions and engagement
 - Logistics
 - Assessing samples

Results: Training



Measure the impact of training in the change in knowledge of participants

Enhanced ID Skills

Stink bug egg masses

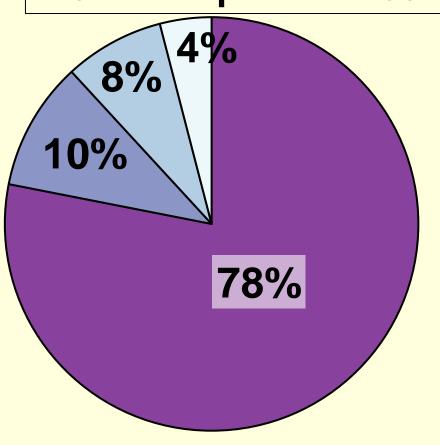
Moth egg masses

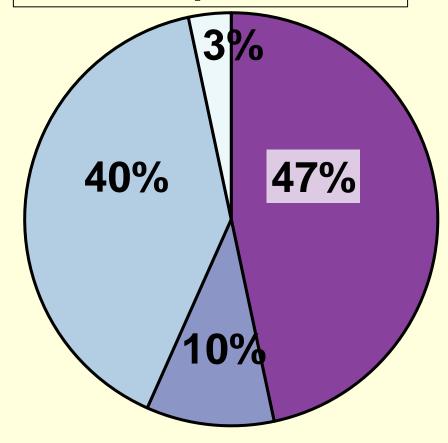
Not eggs/ egg masses

Bug egg masses

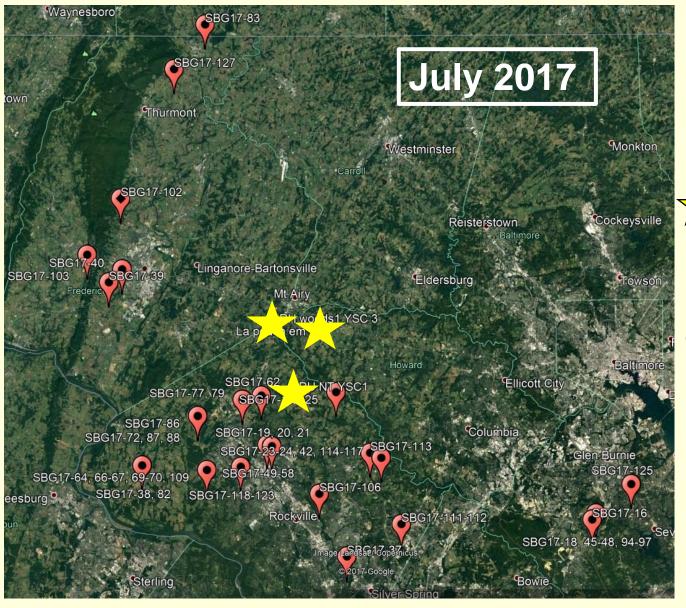
2017 samples: n = 397

2018 samples: n = 60





Results: Locations of stink bugs



Shrewsbury Lab (sentinel and naturally-laid egg masses)



Results: Samples



- 301 stink bug egg masses
 - Brochymena sp.
 - Chinavia sp.
 - Cosmopepla sp.
 - Euschistus sp.
 - Halyomorpha halys (9.3%)
 - Mormidea sp.
 - Murgantia histrionica (46.2%)
 - o Podisus sp.
- 16 other bug egg masses
- 41 moth egg masses
- 25 other "things"

Results: BMSB hosts

Trees/shrubs	Perennials	Annual Flowering Plants	Annual, Vegetables	Vines, Various
Cercis (7)	Red raspberry (3)	Cleome (4)	Tomato (1)	Vitis riparia (1)
Acer (4)	Wine raspberry (1)	Lantana (1)		Virginia creeper (1)
Magnolia (1)				
Tilia (1)				
Paulownia (1)				
Callery pear (1)				
Cornus racemosa (1)				

Results: BMSB hosts

Trees/shrubs	Perennials	Annual Flowering Plants	Annual, Vegetables	Vines, Various
Cercis (7)	Red raspberry (3)	Cleome (4)	Tomato (1)	Vitis riparia (1)
Acer (4)	Wine raspberry (1)	<i>Lantana</i> (1)		Virginia creeper (1)
Magnolia (1)				
Tilia (1)		All the said the		

Paulownia (1)

Callery pear (1)

Cornus racemosa (1)

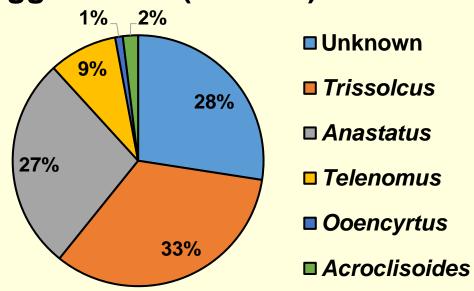




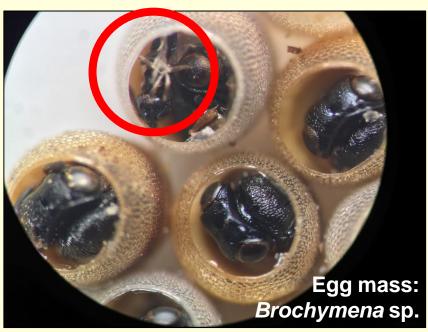
Results: Biological Control

Predation: 5% of all stink bug egg masses with at least one egg eaten

Parasitism: 34% of all stink bug egg masses (102/301)

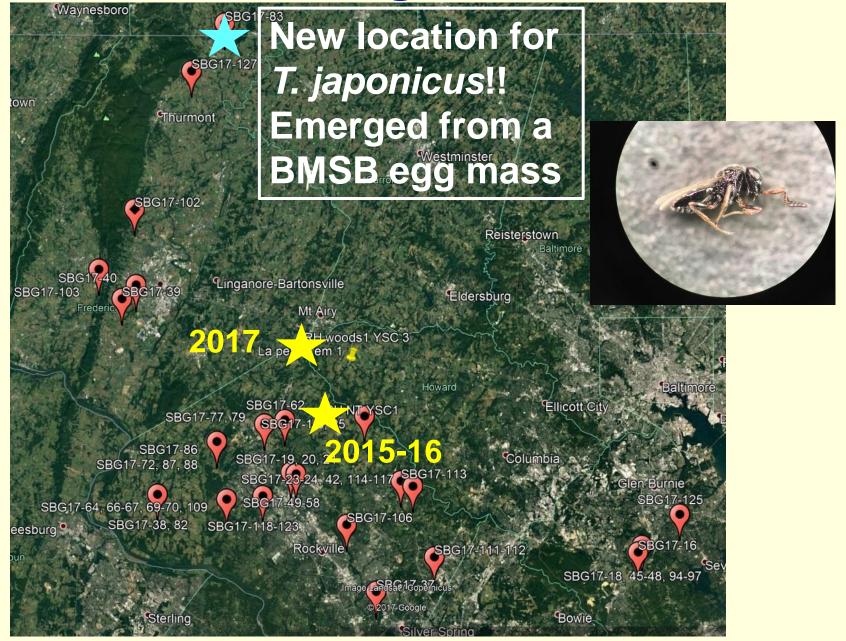






Parasitoid species and egg fate data coming soon!

Results: Biological Control



Results and Discussion

- Training was effective:
 - Increased knowledge about stink bugs
 - ~79% of samples were stink bug egg masses
- Collectively, citizen scientists searched a larger area
- Two new plant hosts of BMSB
- Signs of biological control
 - ~40% of stink bug egg masses
- New locality for T. japonicus

Acknowledgements

Funding:

- USDA-ARS Areawide Grant # 8080-21000-024
- USDA-NIFA SCRI 2016-51181-25409

Members of the Shrewsbury lab, esp. Nancy Harding

UMD office staff: Josh Kiner and Kiley Gilbert

Master Gardener County Coordinators:

- Steve Dubik
- Michael Ensor
- Susan Trice

Don Weber and Megan Herlihy, USDA ARS IIBBL:

- Stink bug adults and egg masses
- Plant ID

Elijah Talamas, Florida Department of Ag and Consumer Services

Rock Hill Orchard

Ruppert Nursery

Larriland Farm